night and resulted in the mortal wounding of

young Smith, a clerk in the postoffice here, by

main, correct. The members occupied a house

in a disreputable portion of the city. A party

VOLUME VI NUMBER 914.1

THE NEWS FOR THE CAMPAIGN-GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO CLUBS.

The importance of the great political contest upon which we have now fairly entered renders the dissemination among the people of sound political views and accurate and early information of the progress and incidents of the canyass, a matter of peculiar interest. and expediency. Every individual who has any stake in the welfare of these Southern States, should give an active, personal and un-flagging support to the candidates of the National Democracy Sermous and BLAIR. A triumph of the Radicals will result in the House adjourned till 9 o'clock to-morrow. ntter desolation and rain of the South, and This bill is the pct scheme of the extreme the placing of an ignorant and brutal race in all positions and places of honor and trust, to the exclusion of the white race. The government must be wrested from the thieves and plunderers who now have control of it, and power placed in the hands of a party pledged to give peace to a distracted country, and to make it a government for white men, and not for negroes. It is only necessary that the people should be thoroughly informed to accomplish this, and THE NEWS will be an admirable cans of diffusing this information. In order to place the paper within the reach of all, we have adopted a scale of reduced rates of subscription for the four months covering the Preditential canvass, and offer besides peculiar inducements for the formation of clubs. We are letermined that THE NEWS shall be the cheapest and best newspaper in the South Its blows will and thinkly, steadily and repidly and if the friends of law, order and the Constitution do their duty by extending its circulation, its labors can be made powerfully effective for good. We appeal, then, to our readers to examine our remarkably low terms, and go to work with a will to get up large clubs for THE CHARLESTON NEWS.

BATES FOR THE CAMPAIGN NEWS. Daily News (four months).....\$2 00

Tri-Weekly News (four months)...... 1 00 CLUB BATES.

Five copies Daily News, four months, to Five copies Tri-Weakly News, four

Ten copies Daily News, four months, to

Ten copies Tri-Wooldy News, four months, to one address. 7 50 One copy of THE NEWS free to every person

who sends a club of ten subscribers at these rates. The cash must in all cases accompany the could be the state of These prices should secure for The News

vast circulation, which would result in a corresponding benefit to the Democratic caus May we not confidently ask the kind offices o our friends in this behalf? Remittances can be made by money order a

our risk, and all htters should be addressed to RIORDAN, DAWSON & CO.,

BY TELEGRAPH.

Our Washington Dispatches. Wissington, August 8.—Secretary McCulloch has issued orders to the heads of departments, to classify clerks according to their ca-pacity and attention to business, with the view of retaining the more skilful and faithful. R. J. Brens, Esq., ht a card, pronounces But-

ler's ctatement sogarding this (Butler's) arrest in Baltimore as unequivocably take: St. Marie has at last received his \$10,000 for betraying Surratt, and is off for Europe. General Howard, of the Freedman's Bureau started South, this afternoon, to visit the principal Bureau stations and to make preparations to wind up the concern in January.

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided to reserve no more applications for clerkships.

General Econsonn is in town and will leave in a few days for New Orleans.

It is rumored that an 'ad interim' commi sioner of internal revenue, may be appointed at any moment to relieve Mr. Rollins, and that the subject of placing General Banks in the Russian mission as an of intering vice Cassius M. Clay, is seriously discussed at the White House. Mr. Events, the Atterney-General, is away, however, and the President has determatters before taking any decisive steps.

The revenue receipts are over one and a half illions for the week.

New York August 8. The following was accived this afternoon by the superintendent of the New York, Lendon and Newtoundland Telegraph Company: "Losnon, August 8...The cable of 1866

ceased to work at 12.85 this afternoon. Tepts: show the foult at the forthundland side. The cable has probably been diffused by an iceberg.

Pearfel Catastrephe.

MANGESTEE, (Esc.,) Angust 3. A' threadful accident occurred here night before last, during the regular performance at Lang's Music Hall. The alarm of fire was raised, and the entire audience immediately rushed for the doors, pletely blocking up the passage ways, and the wildest excitement prevailed. When order restored by the repeated announce that there was no fire, it was found that there were no less than twenty three persons, mainly women and children, who had been crushed to death. In the stampede large numbers had

Riot in Georgia. ATLANTA, August S.—Last Friday an affray took place between whitee and negroes at Gobey Schoolhouse, in Gwinnett County,

limbs broken and were otherwise injured.

caused by the negroes selling whiskey at the school exhibition to the students. During the melee four negroes were seriously and one mortally wounded.

Sr. Louis, August 8.—Extensive preparations are progressing for a grand encampment of the Knights Templars next month. Commande-ries will be present from all points of the com-

The recent fight at Saline County was greatly exaggerated. A dranken man disturbed the Democratic meeting, and only one was killed and three wounded,

The Georgia Legislature. In the Senate, Bradley (negro) introduced a esolution organizing able bodied loyal citizens to serve as militia, irrespective of color, which

The Alabama Legislature.

MONTGOMERY, August 3 .- In the House the common carrier bill created much confusion and excitement, during which the Speaker made the point of order, that only the original bill could be properly put to the House, and that the Clerk had no right to read from a printed copy. The original could not be found, having been lost by the committee to which it was referred. This created great confusion. Motions were made and an appeal taken in rapid succession, and in much disorder! the men, and its passage is doubtful.

The Florida Legislature.

TALLAHASSEE, August 3.—The Legislature to-day passed a bill requiring all telegraph operators in the State to take an oath of ecrecy, and imposing fine and imprisonment for divulging any message; also, a bill taking the election of delegates to the Electoral College from the people and vesting it in the Legislature; also, a bill giving the negroes the same privilege as whites on all railroads. A similar bill relating to hotels has been introduced, and will probably pass.

Florida Politics.

TALLAHASSEE, August 3.—There was a large Democratic ratification and nominating Conention here on the 1st. W. D. Barnes, of Jackson County, was nominated for Congress. There was a large torchlight procession and fireworks at night, which passed off without disturbance.

Initialana Politics.

NEW ORLEAMS, August 8 .- A negro named Willis Rollins has been making Democratic peaches to the negroes in this city for a week past, and has aroused the enmity of the Radicals, both white and black. Several attempts have been made on his life, and on Saturday night a crowd followed him for several squares, trying to drag him from the street car. In making his escape, he was arrested on charges of inciting to riot, and released on bail. Yesterday, another attack was made on him with a slung shot.

On appearing before the recorder it found that the original charge of inciting to riot was dropped, and the charge of carrying concealed weapons was substituted, but he was discharged by the recorder. On being released Rollins' life was again threatened by excited e, but he was escorted by his friends to the rooms of the Constitution Club, on Canalstreet, where the excitement of the crowd inreased. Governor Warmouth appeared, and made a short but effective speech, telling the negroes that they should rather protect Rollins in a public expression of his opinions than seek to deprive him of that right, advising the crowd to disperse and go home, which they did. Warmouth's speech is highly spoken of.

Sudden Death of "Miles O'Reilly." New York, August S .- General Charles G. Halpine, better known as "Miles O'Reilly," editor of the Citizen, and late registrar of the city, died this morning from an overdose of chloroform taken to relieve neuralgia.

Crop Reports. SAVANNAH, August 3. - Reports from the crops in this section show that the rains are injuring the plant. Information from Florida says that

the worm is at work on most plantations. MONTGOMERY, August 8.—The rains are doing immense damage and worms are appearing in all this section, and it is estimated that the cotton crop is already cut short one-half.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL, [SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE DAILY NEWS.]

IE ELECTIONS THE DILL RELIEF BULL RE-DUCING THE BONDS-WHIPPER MAKES SOME HOME THRUSTS-MORE ABOUT THE BOW OF SATURDAY. ON ALL CHO SVAR OT THUS

COLUMBIA, August 3,-In the House, W. J. Whipper, from the Judiciary Committee, reperted adversely to a bill ordering the elec-

Lawrence, from the same committee, re-ported a bill declaring vacant all offices not filled by the elections of April and June, and authorizing all persons elected to fill the positions when qualified. A fefusal to surrender papers and records is made punishable by fine nd imprisonment.

DeLarge, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported adversely to the resolution imposing a special annual tax of \$500 upon Kershaw District to support the widow of Dill. The report was based upon the unconstitutionality of special taxation, and was adopted. The widow of Dill, however, will receive the per diem and mileage of her husband.

The consideration of the question of reducing the bonds of State officials was resumed. Whipper made a strong speech against the proposition. He said that he should insist that the following facts should be put upon record on the journal:

First. That reducing the bonds of the treasurer would seriously impair the credit of the State.

Second. The bill was introduced for the purpose of placing the treasury funds in the hands of a man who had proved himself utterly unworthy by offering as bondsmen men of straw, and who, moreover, had promised the use of the bills receivable of the State to any man who would go his security.

Third. He opposed the reduction of the bonds of officers, either of doubtful character or of doubtful honesty, Fourth. Improper influences had been em-

ployed to play upon the credulity of members. The speech created a great sensation; but when the vote was taken the amendment was lost-by 25 ayes to 67 nays.

The House hiewise refused to reduce the Treasurer's bond to \$60,000. Another bill, however, has been introduced with a view to checking the treasurer and pro-

tecting the public funds. The bill establishing Circuit Courts was ordered to its third reading. The proceedings of the Senate were of no

general interest. Smith, the young man wounded in the row on Saturday night, died this morning. The inquest is now progressing amid great excitement. The Radical Coroner Johnson summoned nine negroes upon the jury. Joseph Howard, who was reported missing after the difficulty on Saturday night, was arrested to-day at Kingsville and brought back here, where he was

FURTHER BY MAIL.

THE BRAWL OF SATURDAY NIGHT-THE EFFECT UPON PUBLIC FEELING-POLITICAL GOSSIP-THE STATE CREDIT, &C.

[FROM OUR OWN REPORTER.] COLUMBIA, August 2 .- The city is thorough-

THE CAMPAIGN. bly distured by the row which occurred last

one of the colored members of the Legislature. Half a dozen reports of the affair are in cir-The New York World says: culation, but after sifting them all, I find that the statement sent you by telegraph is, in the

of young men on a frolic mistook the premises for a brothel. A colored member was met outside, words passed, a blow was struck, and the member was followed into the house. The inmates left without the usual formalities of leavetaking, and coming to the front, pistol-firing Georgia.... commenced. Here there is a difference of tesndiana..... 13 timony. The members say that there was but one pistol in the house, and when snapped it did not explode. On the other hand, it is alleged that not more than one of the young men Maine Maryland was armed; yet from twenty to thirty pistol shots were fired. Two women from an oppolichigan site house-say they distinctly saw colored men in the middle of the street shooting vigorously The young men retreated. If not fired at, why did they run? If well armed, why should they evada..... lew.Hampshire run? If no pistols were discharged by the col-Yew Jersey.... New York..... North Carolina. ored members, who shot Smith? Smith was found on the sidewalk in front of the premises, with a ball through his face. Ohio..... That he did not go into the house is a fact well established. He may have been passing.

certainly bears in Columbia the reputation of being a peaceable, inoffensive and correct young man. Again, the colored members say that there were from ten to fourteen in the party who assailed them. I am assured that there were only six or seven, at the outside, two of whom were United States soldiers. The whole affair thus seems to be involved in mystery, and the truth is only likely to come out under the cross

examination of a courtroom. Bad blood has been generated by the occur rence. The citizens, and especially the young men, are dissatisfied because somebody has not been arrested, while not a few of the members fully believe that the Ku-Klux-Klan has broken loose in earnest, and this adventure is only the first instalment of horrible things yet to be. A young colored man named Howard (the clerk of one of the committees), who boarded in the house, has doubtless been more practically impressed with this idea than any others, for since jumping from a window during the row, he has not been seen or heard from The probability is that he went to Charlesion from some depot down the road by the morn-

ing train. Better political capital cannot be furnished the Republican party, both at home and abroad, than by evente of this character. Already, for electioneering purposes, the report is being freely circulated among the freedmen in various districts-I quote from a letter just received-"that that the lives of the members of the Legislature are in imminent danger; that they are compelled to carry guns through the streets, and even to the House and Senate to protect them from the assaults of sanguinary Democrate; that guns have been fired at them while engaged in business, and brick bats are frequently thrown through the win

Of course there is not a shadow of truth in these statements, but they show how necessary it is to the success of the Republican party that it shall feed on blood, whether metaphorically or in fact.

Another element of strength to the Re publicans is the recommendation of leading Democrats that no colored man shall employed who will not agrees to Democrat he is thus reported: our and Blair. mer claim that something of this sort was necessary to consolidate the sentiment of the Legislature. From one cause or another, a very considerable proportion of the two bodies were becoming too moderate, too conservative and weak-kneed, to suit the extreme Radicals Very influential colored men have recently not responded with alacrity to the crack of the party whip when it was laid about them. There was an evident disposition on their part to crowd out and put down all those who estimated legislation not by the good done to the State, but by the benefit secured to the

party. This feeling is undergoing a change. Backs are growing stiffer. Caucusses are held in which militia bills, land bills, taxation, suffrage laws, charter elections, and kindred topics are considered to 'the one end, that the State may beyond probability be carried by the Republicans. The Land Commission bill, to which reference was made in a former letter, will now undoubtedly go through. Its friends say they must have lands some how or any how, on which to locate those who may be discharged from employment. A proposition has been made to resume the work on the new State House, so as to furnish employment. Heavy taxation is suggested, to compel owners, to sell land, and Cain has introduced resolutions calling for a report of all property against which there are executions for unpaid taxes and likely to be sold therefor.

Never have I seen the extreme Badicals in better spirits than now. They are watching every movement made by the Democrats of the State, in the hope that it will supply then with capital wherewith to carry their designs through the Legislature; and a microscopic excuse will soon suffice for the attainment of any object which the Northern landshark or the Southern speculator may have in view. Tremendous schemes are incourse of plotting, and under the plea that they are designed to make the Republicans turn out en masse in the fall, will be rushed through with frightful haste. There are a number of shrewd, practical men, colored and white, in both Houses who are too keen to be deluded by this dodge but there are enough outsiders-the lobby members, to whom Tomlinson the other day administered a severe castigation—to counteract whatever healthy influences may be brought

into the field. Mais, nous verrons. The messenger sent by Governor Scott to in quire into the cause of the difficulty at Union has returned, and reports all quiet. The negroes were informed that they must not carry arms to their public meetings, nor in any way attempt to disturb the public peace. It appears that they were deluded by a negro named Bates, who manufactured a lot of stuff, which he said Governor Scott told him to repeat to the colored people, but for which there was not the slightest foundation, and believing it, the poor creatures were prepared for any deviltry

at a moment s notice. The Governor is about effecting the loan authorized by the Legislature. A New York banker is here I think prepared to engage largely in financial transactions with the State. Another zentleman is here who is anxious to negotiate or the purchase of all the public lands donated by the act of Congress for the purpose of schools. If the United States will allow him to locate the land in Colorado he will probably pay-cash and take the lot. PERSONNE.

CHARLESTON, S. C., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1868.

TIMATE.

A Wisconsin correspondent sends us the fol-lowing table of the Electoral College, giving his estimate as the result of the canvass:

THE RESULT IN NOVEMBER-A WESTERN ES-

Pennsylvania.... 26 Rhode Island.... South Carolina. 6 and thus became the victim of an accident; or he may have accompanied the party, and been shot purposely. Whoever discharged the fatal Texas..... pistol must have been close to him, as powder lest Virginia.... marks are said to be visible on his face. He

> Necessary to a choice, leaving out the "unre-constructed" States, one hundred and forty-three. Counting the votes of the four States which Congress proposes to exclude, one hundred and fifty-nine would be necessary to ary to

which Congress proposes to exclude, one thundred and fifty-nine would be necessary to a choice. The four States will yote by a large majority for Seymour and Blair, which would make their total vote one hundred and eighty-four, twenty-live more than a majority.

Our correspondent claims Wisconsin for Seymour, although placing it among the doubtful. His reasons for this conclusion are these: At the gubernatorial election in 1863, James T. Lewis was elected over H. L. Palmer by some 25,000 majority, this including the soldiers vote. In 1864, Lincoln's majority was 17,000. In 1865, Fairchild's majority over Hobart (Dem.) was 10,000. In 1867, Fairchild over Tallmadge had but 4070. There had been a gradual reduction of the Radical majority in that State from 25,000 in 1863 to less than 5000 in 1867. At this rate what will become of Grant's chances?

Our correspondent gives us an additional reason why Wisconsin will vote for Seymour, that both Presidential candidates are personally known to a large working at the control of the contr ally known to a large portion of the peothat State. Governor Seymour, who l ally known to a large portion of the people of that State. Governor Seymour, who has a large peouniary interest in the northern part of that State, visits Wisconsin nearly every year; and wherever heis known he is loved. Grant is also known to many Wisconsin people, and where best known he will receive the fewest

our correspondent concedes New Hampshire to Grant, although he says that the vote will be so close that only the official returns can determine the result. Indiana he claims for Seymour and Blair, while he has no doubt that Ohio will cast her vote for Grant. He claims to experie a Southern electoral vote (with the the entire Southern electoral vote (with the exception of Brownlow's dominion) for Seymour, alleging that from the close of the war mour, alleging that from the close of the war until the present time, the Southern brain has been entirely passive; the opposition to the reconstruction schemes being simply of a negative character. Now, with a well-defined object in view, the prospect of a speedy delivery from Radical dominion, the Southern brain will be brought into positive action; and the negro votes which have been manipulated by carpot-baggers and paid political agents of the Radical party, will be hurled with overwhelming force against that party which has misled and deceived them.

OPINION OF JUDGE CHASE.

The New York correspondent of the Louis ville Democrat has had an interview with Judge Chase, who has lately arrived in that city. In his conversation with the correspondent of the

expresses his conviction that the chances are decidedly in favor of the Democratic nominee—provided there is no cheating round the board. The Edmunds bill regulating the Southern electoral votes, he looks upon as a fore-shadowing of foul play, and the Democrats are advised to keep their eyes on it accordingly. Blair's letter, he says, is simply up to the axigencies of the times. He sees nothing revolutionary in it. On the contrary, he is inclined to think that it aims to stop the revolution, which the admission of carpet-bag senators is which the admission of carpet-bag senators is undoubtedly working in our form of govern-ment. The letter hence will do no harm, but possibly much good, if it retains the Jacobins from turther outrages, by indicating what the ruture has in store for them.

ENERAL FRANK P. BLAIR IN KANSAS-HE AD DRESSES A LARGE GATHERING OF DEMOCRATS. A telegram from Leavenworth, Kansas, da ted July 21, says:

General Frank P. Blair addressed an im-nense meeting this evening. His speech was rincipally devoted to the action of the Radical party in the reconstruction of the South, and the record of General Grant. He charged that the Republicans baving lost the confidence of the the Republicans having lost the confidence of the whole people of the country, had resorted to the support of the blacks. That it was from no love of the negro race that they enfran-chised them, but only as a scheme to maintain themselves in power. He said he had nothing to say against General Grant personally; that his military services would ever be remem-bered with pride, but that since he had entered the arena of politics, his acts politically were bered with pride, but that since he had entered the arena of politics, his acts politically were proper matters for public criticism. He said that General Grant had changed his views on the subject of reconstruction inconsistently, having at the close of the war, urged the immediate admission of the senators, and representatives from the Southern States chosen then by the people of those States. But, he said, the secret of the adherence of Generals Grant, Sheridan and other regular officers to the Radical party is the tendency of that party which has overthrown the perconatives of the Supreme-Court and Executive branch of the government toward military despotism, which, being necessarily based upon military power, would give consequence to prominent officers of the army. He said history shows no party pursuing the course and using the means adopted by the Radicals can live and receive the support of the people. He denied that the sentiments expressed in his letter, or the New York speech, were revolutionary; that the people of, the United States at the last elections had repudiated negro suffrage, ppon which, was based the whole reconstruction scheme; that to over-United States at the last elections had repudiated negro suffrage, upon which was based the whole reconstruction scheme; that to over-throw by proper constitutional means Reconstruction acts is but carrying out the will of the people. He charged that the Radical party only are revolutionary. In reply to a remark from the crowd he said that the Radical party have made copperheadism respectable. Gen. Blair spoke about thirty minutes, his remarks being received with enthusiasm. At the close sic and a brilliant display of fireworks fol

IMPORTANT DECISION-"SINGLE-THREAD VS. IMPORTANT DECISION—"SINGLE-THREAD VS. DOUBLE-THERAD."—At the 'grand trial of sewing machines" at Island Park, the contest being between "single-thread" and "double-thread" machines, and the latter claiming an "advantage" because of its using "two" threads instead of "one," the result was a unanimous "decision" of the "judges," after a "protracted and severely contested trial," that "the advantage is not on the side of a 'double-thread' but on that of a 'single-thread,' as used by the Willox & Gibbs machine,"—See "Report of Grand Trial."

THE MOST PERFECT IRON TONIC.—HEGEMAN'S
FERRATED ELIXIR OF BARK.—A pleasant cordual, prepared from calissya bark and pyro-phosphate of iron, possessing the valuable properties of iron phosphorous and calissya, without any injurious ingredients. As a preventive to fever and ague, and as a tonic for patients recovering from fever, or other sickness, it cannot be surpassed. It is recommended by the most eminent physicians. Prepared by Hegeman & Co., New York, and sold by all respectable druggists in the United States.

NEWS PROM WASHINGTON.

NOMINATIONS PENDING BEFORE THE SENATE AT A RECESS. The Washington correspondent of the New

York Herald writes: When the Senate adjourned a large number of nominations were pending which were not acted on. Many persons are under the impression that when the Senate takes a recess the nominations before it remain to be acted upon nominations before it remain to be steed upon till it reassembles. There is a rule of the Sen-ate, however, which provides that when a re-cess or adjournment takes place for the period of thirty days, all nominations pending at the commencement of such recess or adjournment fail at the end of that time.

THE PRESIDENT AND HIS ATTORNEY GENERAL. THE PRESIDENT AND HIS ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The friends of Attorney General Evarts say that his presence in the Cabinet will act as a restraint upon the combative tendencies of the President. Mr. Evarts, it is urged, understands better than any other member of the Cabinet the temper and purposes of the Radicals, being himself a Republican. It is his purpose so to advise Mr. Johnson, it is said, as to prevent him from committing any act that would render him liable to impeachment. The President has great confidence in the legal judgment of his Attorney General, and will follow his advice more closely than he did that follow his advice more closely than he did that of any of his predecessors. This will prevent him from falling into the traps set for him by the Radicals. Mr. Everts, for instance, has advised him not to remove Commissioner Rollins, and the President, it is now understood, will not do so. So, also, with regard to the gov-ernments of the Southern States. The Radisals promised themselves that the President would fail to recognize those governments, and thus render himself liable to impeachwould fail to recognize those governments, and thus render himself liable to impeachment. In this, however, they will be disappointed, for Mr. Evarts will give Mr. Johnson such advice as will enable him to keep out of trouble, and there is little doubt that he will follow it.

ADELINA PATTI-HER MARRIAGE CONTRACT-DISPOSAL OF HER FORTUNE.-A Paris correspondent of the New York Times writes as fol-

I have just heard the particulars of the mar riage settlement agreed to between the Mar-quis de Caux and Adelina Patti, or ra her enacted by Baron James Rothischild, as the

quis de Caux and Adelma Patti, of a her enacted by Baron James Rothschild, as the friend and guardian of the latter.

The sum of 500,000 francs, constituting the whole of the Diva's fortune, is to be placed in trust for the benefit of her self and children. The principal is not to be touched under any circumstances whatever, Mile Patti herself enloying the interest thereof.

enjoying the interest thereof.

One-third of her future earnings is to be set aside in the same manner, the remaining two-thirds to be used as her husband and herself ney decide. The father and mother of the bride are to

have each a pension of 6000 francs, which is to be allocated out of her income. This provi-sion is honorable to Mile. Patti, whose sentnents of daughterly affection have always The Marquis de Caux asked to have the sum of 450,000 francs set aside for the payment of the mortgages on his estates, but on this point the Baron de Bothschild and Maurice

point the Baron de richinschia and marke Strakosch were inexorable; so that the property will have to be put up for sale, unless the creditors of the Marquis consent to wait for the chance of the repayment from Adelina's future earnings, a contingency not very probable, from the known spendthrift babits of her future husband.

It is calculated that at present Mile. Patti earns about 400,000 francs a year, which, with prudence, would soon enable the Marquis to pay off his depts. Accustomed, however, to live at a rate far above his income; it is not likely that he will be induced to not which a re-

ikely that he will be induced to put such a re straint on his tastes as will enable him to ac-complish so desirable a result. It had been complish so desirable a result. It had been stated that as soon as the marriage took place the services of Strakesch would be dispensed with. So far is this from being the fact that the Marquis offers a contract to him to continue his services to Mile. Patti for three years, on terms nearly as advantageous as before. You may rely upon the above being the exact contract of the marriage settlement. They have been agreed to on both sides, and nothing remains but to complete the marriage itself, which, I understand, is to take place on the 1st of August.

Type-setting by Electricity.—If it was afe to say anything in the line of arts and inventions was impossible, we should certainly pronounce type-setting and distributing by alectricity one of the impossible things. But the editor of the American Artisan describes what he has actually seen in this line; a book containing 24,993 ems of solid mafter, which was both set and distributed by an electrical type-setting machine, in six hours and thirtytype-setting machine, in six nours and unity nine minutes. But this is only the beginning of wonders. One of these machines, it is said may be placed in a newspaper office in Boston, or New York, or New Orleans, to be operated or New York, or New Orleans, to be operated on by a reporter in the capitol at Washington or in any other place connected with the machine by telegraph. That is, the reporter may take his notes to the telegraph and set them up in type at the distant office; thus saving all the labor and expense of writing cut for the telegraph and rewriting at the end of the telegraph, to be set up by the newspaper compositors. And even more than this is claimed for the machine, namely, that instead of setting up type as described above, the reporter may produce a matrix from which stereotype plates may be cast in a few minutes after, the reporting has ceased. What next?

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, estantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculou tints; remedies the ill effects or bad dyes; invigo rates and leaves the hair soft and beautiful black or brown. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; an properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No Bond-street, New York. 1yr

WHAT IS THE MATTER WITH YOU This is the familiar question put to every invalid. In many cases the answer is, "I don't know exactly but I don't feel well." Look at the countenance of the man or woman who makes this reply, and you will generally find that the eyes are dull and lustreless, the complexion sallow, the cheeks flaccid, and the whole expression of the face dejected. Interrogate the invalid more closely, and you will discover that constipation, the result of a disordered stomac and a torpid liver, is at the bottom of the mischief what's the matter." Whoever has expe rienced the effects of TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT in such cases, need not to be old to recommend it as a remedy.

TARRANT & CO., Wholesale Druggists, No. 278 Preenwich and No. 100 Warren streets, New York, Sole Proprietors.

Sold by all Druggis's. 3mos 22 July 6 SWINGING ROUND THE CIRCLE. There are fifty ways of alleviating the agonies dyspepsia for the moment; but there is only one way to CURE it. After "swinging round the circle" of temporary palliatives the patient finds that the disease, so far from being subdued, has actually gathered strength, while he has been parleying with its sym

The only way to get rid of the demon is to endo

the stomach with sufficient strength to cast it out

and keep it out. Impart permanent energy to the di

gestive organs with HOSTEITER'S STOMACH BIT-TERS, and the object is accomplished. This powerful vegetable remedy is not a mere stimulant. It does not brace up the gastric machinery for an hour or two, leaving it, when the temporary excitement has passed off, in a worse state than before. Such is the effect of the ordinary alcoholic nostrums. They ke-p the stomach in a perpetual see-saw between unnatural activity and utter relaxation. Not so the BITTERS. Medicated with the finest tonic, altera tive and anti-bilious extracts, they permanently reinforce and continuously regulate the assimilating organs. Such is the experience of tens of thousands. At this debilitating season of the year, when the solvent principle of the gastric juice is weakened by a constant drain of the animal fluids through the pores HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is an article of prime ne essity for the weak. To neglect the use of a tonic and alterative, so wonderfully efficacious and entirely armless, is simply to forego the blessings of health and vigor, and voluntarily accept feebleness and dis-comfort in their stead.

Suneral Motices.

MAIN.—Died on the evening of the 3d of August 1969, Mrs. EMILY MAIN, select of the Co. Main, of this city, aged forty-six years, five months and twenty-six days.

The Relatives, Friends and Acces of the family, and the members of the quaintances of the family, and the respectfully invited to attend her Funeral Services, at Four o'clock This Afternoon, at the Church, without further invitation August &

Special Motices.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—A PUBLIC Prayer Meeting will be held To-Night, at half-pes Eight o'clock, in the Lecture room of Trinity Church, Hasel-street, entrance on Maiden Lane. August 4

CURE WARRANTED!-CORNS. BUN-IONS, etc., removed without pain, by MONS. BERGER.

No. 214 King, near Market-street August 4 tuf

NOTICE.-THE SALE OF PROPERTY GLE, Esq., Comptroller of South Carolina, postpon ed until Monday, the 10th day of August, between the hours of Eleven A. M. and Turee P. M. In the meantime, the Sheriff will continue to r

ceive the amounts due from delinquents. WILLIAM S. BASTIE S. C. C. NOTICE.-AN INVENTORY OF THE

SAILS, &c., belonging to the ship MONTGOMERY. and also of her CARGO, can be seen at our Office until the day of sale. STREET, BROTHERS & CO., Auctioneers

FINAL NOTICE .- ALL DEMANDS against the Estate of the late WILLIAM HALL. M. o, must be presented for adjustment, and those in debted to said Estate are requested to make pay-

C. GADSDEN-HALL Qualified Executor, At Mesers. J. & F. Dawson's No. 96 East Bay.

MR. T. E. GILBERT WISHES TO nform his friends that he has reopened his CIGAR STORE on the west side of King-street, four doors below Morris, No. 571. He also requests thos gentlemen who are accustomed to smoking DOMES-TIC CIGARS to give him a call, where they can have Cigars made to order, any shape, style or size to suit their fancy, at very low figures. July 30

FOR RESTORING STRENGTH AND appetite, use the great Southern Tonic, PANENIN's HEPATIC BITTERS and you will not be disappointed For sale by all druggists.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO SECURE jottle, dozen or gross of the celebrated PALMETTO HATR RENEWER. This preparat on will in ALI CASES restore gray or faded hair to the color of youth and in most cases make hair grow on bald heads DOWIE & MOISE. Try a bottle. Wholesale Agents for Charleston.

MINFANTS DO NOT CRY WITHOUT A CAUSE.—By an interesting practical application of chemical laws to the kernels of Wheat and Barley: a nutriment is produced and perfected that sets in operation the natural laws of direction and assimila-tion in the most inactive, indolent and tender stomach. If your infant suffers from insuffic breast milk, give it COMSTOOK'S RATIONAL

G. W. COMSTOCK, FOOD. No. 57 Court'and street, New York. For sale by Wholesale Agents for Charleston.

ESTATE NOTICE. _ALL PERSONS lebted to the late Colonel JOHN S. ASHE will make payment, and those having claims against his Estate will present them, properly attested, to Mesers. RUTLEDGE & YOUNG,

HENBY GOURDIN, ALFRED RAOUL, Qualified Executors

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COL-LETON DISTRICT-IN THE COMMON PLEAS-ATTACHMENT-AUGUSTUS G. BENNETT, Garnishee, vs. MILTON S. LITTLEFIELD.-Whereas the plaintiff in this case did, on the 7th March, 1868 file his declaration therein in this office against the said defendant, who is absent from and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife nor attor ney known within the same, upon whom a copy the said declaration, with a rule to plead theret within a year and a day, might be served, on motion of O. P. WILLIAMS, plaintiff's Attorney, it is Or dered : That the said defendant, MILTON S. LITTLE PIELD, do appear and plead to said declaration within a year and a day from the filing thereof, or final and absolute judgment will then be awarded against

him. CLERR'S OFFICE, Walterboro', S. C., March 7th J K. LINDER, C. C. P. March 18

AT THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA CHARLESTON DISTRICT-IN THE COMMON PLEAS .- ALBERT ELFE 'DS. GEORGE MANS FIELD-ATTACHMENT .- Whereas, the plaintiff did, on the third day of April, file, his declaration against the defendant, who (as it is said) is absent from and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife nor attorney known within the same, upon whom a copy of the said declaration might be served: It is therefore Ordered, that the said defendant do appear and plead to the said declaration, on or before th fourth day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine otherwise final and absolute judgment will then be

given and awarded against him. J. W. BROWNFIELD, C. C. P. Clerk's Office, Charleston District, April 3, 1868. 1e9molyr

AT NEW MARRIAGE GUIDE.—AN ESSAY for Young Men, on Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases, incident to Youth and Early Manhood, which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. January 81

13 CONJUGAL LOVE, AND THE HAPPI-NESS OF TRUE MARRIAGE.-Essays for Young Men on the Errors, Abuses and Diseases which de stroy the Manly Powers and create impediments to Marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address HOWARD SSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.

A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby con plexion of almost marble smooth ness, and instead twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great's change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition fo any lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentlemen can improve their personal appearance an hundredfold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsur passed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing th same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended i should be-clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price \$1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order,

W. L. CLARK & CO., Cher No. 3 West Fayette-street, Syracuse, N. Y. The only American Agents for the sale of the same.

March 30

lyr

Shipping.

· EIGHTEEN CENTS A WEEK

YACHT MAGGIE MITCHELL.

THIS FAVORITE YACHT, HAVING
been thoroughly refitted for pleasure parties, is now ready for engagements by application to the obstain on board, or to
BLACK & JORNSTON,
ril 7 inthesmos Agenta. April 7

FOR NEW YORK.

THE SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL,
S TE A MS HIP MANHATTAN,
WOODHULL Commander, of the New will leave Adger's Wharf on Saturday, the 8th inst., at 9 o'clock A. M. For Freight or Passage, having splendid cabin

or Passage, is, apply to JAMES ADGER & CO., JAMES ADGER & CO., Corner Adger's Wharf and East Bay (Up Sta August 3

FOR NEW YORK. REGULAR LINE EVERY WEDNESDAY. THE STEAMSHIP SARAGOSSA Capt. M. B. Chowell, will leave Var derhorst's Wharf, on Wednesder 5th August, at half-past Seve CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE

> RAVENEL & CO., Agenta STEAM TO LIVERPOOL!

CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN. THE INMAN LINE, SAILING SEMI-WEEKLY, carrying the G. S. Malls, consisting of the following steamers:

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF BALTIMORE, CITY OF WASH WASHINGTON.

CITY OF WASHINGTON,
OITY OF BOSTOR:
Sailing every Saturday and every alternate Monday,
at 1 P.M., from Pier No. 48 North River, New York.

BY THE MAIL STEAMERS SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.
Payable in Gold.
Payable in Currency.
100 Steerage to London. 8
1st Cabin to London. 105 Steerage to London... 8
1st Cabin to Paris... 115 Steerage to London... 8
1st Cabin to Paris... 115 Steerage to Paris... 4
Pausage by the Monday ste uners—First Cabin 390
gold; Steerage 393; payable in U. S. currency.
Rates of passage from New York to Halifax; Cabin.
320, Steerage, 310; payable in gold.
Passengers also corwished to Havre, Hamburg,
Bremen, &c., st moderate rates. Passinger? slao forwarded to Havre, Hamburg Bremep, &c., stmodarate rates. Steerage passage from Livernool and Queenstown Steerage passage from Livernool and Queenstown soms similing for their friends. For further information apply at the Company offices.

No. 16 Broadway, New York.

June 4 NORTH GERMAN LLOYD. STEAM BETWEEN

BALTIMOBE AND BREMEN. Via Southampton.

STEAMERS OF THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.

Prices of passage payable in gold, or its equive

lent.
They tench at Southampton both going and returning. These vessels take Freight to London and Hull, for which through bills of lading are signed. An experienced Surgeon is attached to each vessel. All letters must pass through the Postoffice. No bills of lading but those of the Company will be signed. Bills of lading will positively 1. be delivered before goods are cleared at the Custo-livened For Freight or Passage, apply to

A. SCHUMACHER & CO.,

No. 9 South Charles-street Baltimore. No. 9 South Charles street, Baltimore, MORDECAI & CO., Agents, East Bay, Charleston, S. G.

April 20 PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPY THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY RE-STEAMERS OF THE ABOVE line leave Pier No. 42, North River, foot of Canal-street, New York, a 12 o'clock noon, of the lat, 9th, 16th and 24th of every month (except when these dates fall en Sunday, then the Saturday preceding).

Departure of 1st and 24th connect at Panama with fall on Sunday, then the Saturday preceding).

Departure of 1st and 24th connect at Panama with
steamers for South Pacific and Central American
ports. Those of 1st fouch at Manzanillo.

Departure of 9th of each month connects with
the new steam line from Panama to Australia and
New Zealand.

Steamehip CHINA leaves San Francisco, for Chin
and Lanan, Sentember 1.

ers touch at Havana, but go No California steamers touen at Havana, our go direct from New York to Aspinwall.

One hundred pounds beggage free to each adult.

Medicine and attendance free.

For Passage Tickets or further information apply at the COMPANN'S TICKET OFFICE, on the wharf. oot of Canal-street, North River, New York.

March 14 lyr P. R. BABY, Agent,

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE, MOUNT PLEASANT AND SULLIVAN'S FERRY ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, 4TH instant, the Steamers will leave as MOUNT PLEASANT.

Leave City at 10 A. M., 3 and 6 P. M., 12% and 5% M. SULLIVAN'S ISLAND.
Leave City at 10 A. M. 8 and 6 P. M.
Leave Island at 7% and 11 A. M., and 5 P. M.
August 3
JNO. H. MURRAY. Agent.

FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C., TOUCHING AT SOUTH ISLAND, KEITHFIELD WAVERLY AND BROOK GREEN MILLS. THE STEAMER EMILIE, CAPT.

ISLAC DAVIS, will leave Commercia
Wharf as above on Tuesday Night, the 4th instant, a
Nine o'clock. Returning, will leave Georgetown on
Thursday, the 6th instant (emergencies excepted) a
Four o'clock, P.M.

our o'clock, P M.
All Freight must be pregaid.
For engagements, apply to
SHACKFLFORD & KFLLY, Agents,
August 3 2 No. 1 Boyce's Wharf.

[ONE TRIP A WEEK.] CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH STEAM PACKET LINE, VIA BEAUFORF, HILTON HEAD AND BLUFFTON STEAMER PILOT BOY... Capt. W. T. McNEILTY
STEAMER FANNIE... Capt. FERN FECK
ONE OF THE ABOVE STEAMERS
will leave Charleston every Tuesday
Morning, at 6 o'clock, and Savannah every Thursday

Morning, at 5 o'clock.

Morning, at 5 o'clock.

For Freight or passage, apply to

J. HN FERGUSON, June 29 FOR PALATKA, FLORIDA, VIA SAVANNAH, ST. MARY'S FERNANDINA JACKSON VILLE, AND ALL LANDINGS ON

THE ST. JOHN'S RIVER. THE ST JOBN'S RIVER.

THE STEAMEROUTH POINT
Captain CHARLES WILLEY, Will
leave Charleston every Juesday Night at 9 o'clock,
and Savannah every Wednesday Afternoon, at 8
o'clock, for the above places. Returning will leave
Savannah for Charleston every Saturday Morning,
et 8 o'clock

All goods not removed by sunset will be stored at the expense and risk of owners.

All freight must be preprid.

J. D. AIKEN & CO., Agents,

June 27 South Atlantic Wharf.

MERICAN HOUSE,

BOSTON, MASS.

THE VERY IMPORTANT AND EXTNESIVE THE VERY IMPORTANT AND EXTRESTLY improvements which have recently been made in this popular Hotel, the largest in New England, enable the Proprietors to offer to Tourists, Families and the Travelling Public accommodations and conveniences superior to any other Hotel in the city. During the past summer additions have been made of numerous suites of apartments, with bathing rooms, water closets, &c., attached; one of Tuffs' magnificent passenger elevators, the best ever content of the converse mass to the super story of the: magnificent passenger elevators, the best ever constructed, conveys guests to the upper story of the house in one minute; the entries have been newly, and richly cypeted, and the entre house thoroughly replenished and refurnished, making it, in all its appointments, equal to any Hotel in the country. Telegraph Office, Billiard Halls and Cafe on the first floor.

LEWIS RICE & SON, 1875. mwf3mos

FROST, BLACK & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in, and Manufactu-

rers of FURNITURE OF EVERY VARIETY. No. 73 Bowery, near Canal-street, New York

mboats, Hotels and Public Buildings jurnis ed at the shortest notice. All Goods pure our House guaranteed as r. presented. May 1